

Men's Sexual and Urinary Health: Low T

What You Need to Know About Low Testosterone

What does testosterone do?

The hormone testosterone affects typical male characteristics: facial and body hair, a deep voice, muscle mass, and bone strength. It also triggers sperm production, which establishes your fertility. Testosterone also greatly influences your desire for sex.

What causes low testosterone (a condition sometimes called low T or hypogonadism)?

For a lot of men, testosterone production decreases with age.

Other causes include:

- · Brain injuries and tumors
- · Chemotherapy, radiation therapy
- Chronic liver and kidney disease
- HIV/AIDS
- Obesity
- Testicular trauma or infection
- Type 2 diabetes

Some medicines cause low T, including opioid pain medicines (morphine, methadone) and strong antiinflammatory drugs (prednisone).

Several genetic conditions also cause low T: hemochromatosis, Kallmann syndrome, Klinefelter syndrome, myotonic dystrophy, and Prader-Willi syndrome.

What symptoms would I have if I don't have enough testosterone?

Although symptoms can vary from one man to another, the most immediate effects of low T include a drop in sex drive and trouble with erections.

You may also notice breast enlargement, loss of facial and body hair, and an overall sense of fatigue.

Eventually, a man with low T will gain body fat and lose muscle mass and strength. With chronic low T, you can develop bones that break easily (osteoporosis), depression and irritability, a drop in energy, and smaller testicles.

How would my doctor check my testosterone level?

If you have symptoms of low T, your doctor will take a sample of blood to check your testosterone level on at least 2 different mornings before 10:00 am, when you have the highest levels. Normal levels are between 300 and 1000 ng/dL.

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If you're taking medicines that lower testosterone levels, your doctor may ask you to stop taking them for a few days before the blood tests.

At the same appointment, your doctor will assess your overall health and examine your secondary male characteristics: Body hair, breasts, penis size, and testicular size and firmness. Your doctor will also check the size and consistency (lumpiness) of your prostate gland by giving you a digital rectal exam.

What else will my doctor need to know?

You should be prepared to answer questions about:

- Current and past medical conditions, surgeries, chemotherapy, radiation therapy, and medical conditions in your family members
- Prescription and over-the-counter medicines you take
- · Recent illnesses, nutritional changes, depressed mood
- Your sexual development, beginning with puberty
- Sexual problems, including problems with erections
- Changes in your body, including muscle weakness, loss of body hair, breast enlargement or tenderness, changes in body fat, changes in your testicles

What's the next step if I have low T?

If you have low T, the first goal is to treat any underlying causes, like diabetes, nutritional deficiency, liver disease, kidney disease, or a medicine you take. You and your doctor will also talk about the choices you have for testosterone replacement.